

## **When to Go**

The best frog-watching happens on warm evenings (above 10°C), especially after rain and when winds are calm.

### **Seasonal highlights:**

- **March–April:** Wood Frog, Chorus Frog, Spring Peeper
- **May–June:** American Toad, Gray Treefrog
- **June–August:** Green Frog, Leopard Frog

## **Why Amphibians Matter**

Frogs and toads are essential to healthy ecosystems:

- Natural pest controllers (they eat insects like mosquitoes)
- A key food source for wildlife
- Indicators of environmental health

Their presence is a sign of a thriving wetland.

## **Common Calls You May Hear**

- **American Toad** – Long, musical trill (up to 30 seconds)
- **Spring Peeper** – High “peep!” like jingling bells
- **Green Frog** – “Plunk!” like a loose banjo string
- **Northern Leopard Frog** – Soft, snoring sounds
- **Wood Frog** – Duck-like “quack-quack”
- **Gray Treefrog** – Short, bird-like trill
- **American Bullfrog** – Deep “jug-o-rum...” call

## **Amphibian Etiquette**

Please help protect these sensitive species:

- Avoid handling amphibians
- Stay on trails or firm ground
- Keep noise low and lights minimal
- Never remove animals from the wild



American Bullfrog



Northern Leopard Frog



LGH

Wood Frog



Green Frog



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Gray Tree Frog



American Toad